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- (7) Type, concentration, and depth of migration of hazardous waste constituents in the soil as compared to their background concentrations.
- (c) The owner or operator must consider at least the following methods in addressing the closure and post-closure care objectives of paragraph (a) of this section:
 - (1) Removal of contaminated soils;
- (2) Placement of a final cover, considering:
- (i) Functions of the cover (e.g., infiltration control, erosion and run-off control, and wind erosion control); and
- (ii) Characteristics of the cover, including material, final surface contours, thickness, porosity and permeability, slope, length of run of slope, and type of vegetation on the cover; and
 - (3) Monitoring of ground water.
- (d) In addition to the requirements of subpart G of this part, during the closure period the owner or operator of a land treatment facility must:
- (1) Continue unsaturated zone monitoring in a manner and frequency specified in the closure plan, except that soil pore liquid monitoring may be terminated 90 days after the last application of waste to the treatment zone;
- (2) Maintain the run-on control system required under § 265.272(b);
- (3) Maintain the run-off management system required under § 265.272(c); and
- (4) Control wind dispersal of particulate matter which may be subject to wind dispersal.
- (e) For the purpose of complying with §265.115, when closure is completed the owner or operator may submit to the Regional Administrator certification both by the owner or operator and by an independent, qualified soil scientist, in lieu of a qualified Professional Engineer, that the facility has been closed in accordance with the specifications in the approved closure plan.
- (f) In addition to the requirements of §265.117, during the post-closure care period the owner or operator of a land treatment unit must:
- (1) Continue soil-core monitoring by collecting and analyzing samples in a manner and frequency specified in the post-closure plan;
- (2) Restrict access to the unit as appropriate for its post-closure use;

- (3) Assure that growth of food chain crops complies with §265.276; and
- (4) Control wind dispersal of hazardous waste.

[45 FR 33232, May 19, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 32368, July 26, 1982; 71 FR 16911, Apr. 4, 2006; 71 FR 40275, July 14, 2006]

§ 265.281 Special requirements for ignitable or reactive waste.

The owner or operator must not apply ignitable or reactive waste to the treatment zone unless the waste and treatment zone meet all applicable requirements of 40 CFR part 268, and:

- (a) The waste is immediately incorporated into the soil so that:
- (1) The resulting waste, mixture, or dissolution of material no longer meets the definition of ignitable or reactive waste under §261.21 or §261.23 of this chapter; and
- (2) Section 264.17(b) is complied with; or
- (b) The waste is managed in such a way that it is protected from any material or conditions which may cause it to ignite or react.

[47 FR 32368, July 26, 1982, as amended at 55 FR 22686, June 1, 1990; 71 FR 40275, July 14, 2006]

§ 265.282 Special requirements for incompatible wastes.

Incompatible wastes, or incompatible wastes and materials (see appendix V for examples), must not be placed in the same land treatment area, unless § 265.17(b) is complied with.

Subpart N—Landfills

§ 265.300 Applicability.

The regulations in this subpart apply to owners and operators of facilities that dispose of hazardous waste in landfills, except as §265.1 provides otherwise. A waste pile used as a disposal facility is a landfill and is governed by this subpart.

§ 265.301 Design and operating requirements.

(a) The owner or operator of each new landfill unit, each lateral expansion of a landfill unit, and each replacement of an existing landfill unit must install two or more liners and a